

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, WHMIS 2015 and Safe Work Australia

Supplier:

Revision date: 8 March 2021 Initial date of issue: 5 July 2007 SDS No. 167-27

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

706 Rustsolvo™

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Penetrating oil - frees nuts, bolts, fittings without injury to base metal.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: <u>www.chesterton.com</u>

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week

Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## 2.1.1. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

Flammable liquid, Category 3, H226 Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 3, H336 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 3, H412

## 2.1.2. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

## 2.1.3. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

**Hazard pictograms:** 







Signal word: Danger

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Hazard statements:	H226 H304 H315 H336 H412	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:	P210  P233 P241 P261 P264 P271 P273 P280 P301/310 P331 P302/352 P332/313 P304/340 P362/364 P403/235 P501	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Avoid breathing vapours/spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

## 2.3. Other hazards

None known

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous Ingredients <sup>1</sup>	% <b>W</b> t.	CAS No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic*	50 - 55	64742-52-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	40 - 50	64742-47-8

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

• WHMIS 2015. Safe Work Australia. GHS

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contact physician if

irritation persists.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with

the product while providing aid to the victim. Avoid breathing vapours. See section 8.2.2 for

recommendations on personal protective equipment.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. High vapor concentrations cause eye and respiratory tract irritation and dizziness, headache and other central nervous system effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause skin irritation.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

<sup>\*</sup>Contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Classified according to: • 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F)

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## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Australian HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Z

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke in work area. Keep containers closed when not in use. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Vapor accumulations could flash and/or explode if ignited. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry area.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSH	A PEL <sup>1</sup>	ACGI	H TLV <sup>2</sup>	AUSTR	ALIA ES <sup>3</sup>
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Oil mist, mineral	N/A	5	N/A	5	N/A	5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	N/A	N/A	212*	1200*	N/A	N/A

## **Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the procedure described in appendix H, "Reciprocal calculation method for Certain Refined Hydrocarbon Solvent Vapor Mixtures" of the ACGIH TLVs® and BEIs®.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

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## 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate explosion-proof ventilation.

## 8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use a half or full-face respirator with combined

dust/organic vapour filter (e.g., EN filter type A-P2).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. Viton\*, neoprene, nitrile). \*DuPont's registered trademark.

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses

Other: Impervious clothing (e.g. Viton\*, neoprene or nitrile) as necessary to prevent skin contact. \*DuPont's

registered trademark.

## 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** thin liquid Odour petroleum odor blue or green not determined Colour **Odour threshold** not determined not determined Initial boiling point Vapour pressure @ 20°C < 0.5% not determined % Aromatics by weight Melting point not applicable

49.7% % Volatile (by volume)

Ha Flash point 53.3°C (128°F) Relative density 0.84 kg/l 6.99 lbs/gal. Method PM Closed Cup Weight per volume **Viscosity** not determined Coefficient (water/oil) < 1

**Autoignition temperature** not determined Vapour density (air=1) > 1 **Decomposition temperature** not determined Rate of evaporation (ether=1) < 1 Upper/lower flammability or not determined Solubility in water negligible

explosive limits

Flammability (solid, gas) not determined not applicable **Oxidising properties** 

not determined **Explosive properties** 

9.2. Other information

None

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing dermatitis are generally aggravated by

under normal use: exposure.

Acute toxicity -

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Oral: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg,
heavy naphthenic		estimated
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg
light		

**Dermal:** Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg,
heavy naphthenic		estimated
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
light		

Inhalation: High vapor concentrations cause eye and respiratory tract irritation and dizziness, headache and

other central nervous system effects.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5 mg/l, estimated
heavy naphthenic		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5.28 mg/l
light		

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** Causes skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Skin irritation, rabbit	Not irritating
heavy naphthenic		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Skin irritation, rabbit	Not irritating /
light		Slightly irritating /
		Moderately irritating

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Eye irritation, rabbit	Not irritating
heavy naphthenic		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Eye irritation, rabbit	Not irritating /
light	-	Slightly irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Skin sensitization: based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Skin sensitization, guinea	Not sensitizing
heavy naphthenic	pig	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Skin sensitization, guinea	Not sensitizing
light	pig	

**Germ cell mutagenicity:** Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration (OSHA) or the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA).

**Reproductive toxicity:** Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

**STOT – single exposure:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information: None

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## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

## 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (based on component data).

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: can degrade in air, inherently biodegradable. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: not readily biodegradable (biodegradation: 31% OECD 301F, 28 days).

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: not expected to bioaccumulate. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow): 2.1 – 5, estimated.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Insoluble in water. Floats on water. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: large volumes may penetrate soil and contaminate groundwater. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the environment. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9).

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

None known

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate or fuel blend spent or unused product. Incinerate absorbed material and/or containers with a properly licensed facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN1993 TDG: UN1993 US DOT: UN1993\*

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)
TDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)
US DOT: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)\*

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 3
TDG: 3
US DOT: 3
14.4. Packing group

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: III
TDG: III
US DOT: III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NOT APPLICABLE

## 14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO.128.

\*May be reclassed as a combustible liquid and as non hazardous in non-bulk packages (maximum capacity of 119 gallons(450 L) or less as a receptacle) (49CFR 173.150 (f),(1),(2))

IMDG: EmS. F-E, S-E

ADR: Classification code F1, Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: ●3Y HIN: 30

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## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. National regulations

**US EPA SARA TITLE III** 

312 Hazards: 313 Chemicals (subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of

EPCRA and of 40 CFR 372):

Flammable liquid None

Aspiration hazard **TSCA**: All chemical components are listed in the TSCA inventory.

Skin irritation

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Other national regulations: National implementation of the EC Directive referred to in section 15.1.1.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

**Abbreviations** ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways and acronyms:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate **BCF**: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

**REL**: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

**Key literature references** Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

and sources for data: Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

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## Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	On basis of components
STOT SE 3, H336	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, health hazard, exclamation mark

Further information: None

Date of last revision: 8 March 2021

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 3, 4.1, 5.3, 8.1, 11, 12.1, 14.1 – 14.4, 14.7, 15.1, 16.

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.