

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, WHMIS 2015 and Safe Work Australia

Revision date: 10 May 2023 Date of previous issue: 19 December 2017 SDS No. 154-16

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

613 Moly Grease

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Multi-purpose extreme pressure grease with Molybdenum Disulfide. Petroleum base/synthetic

lubricant.

Uses advised against: No information available Reason why uses advised against: Not applicable 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: <u>www.chesterton.com</u>

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319

2.1.2. Additional information

None

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

Hazard pictograms:

(!)

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements: P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear eye/face protection.

P305/351/338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337/313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Supplemental information: None

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2.3. Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous Ingredients¹ % Wt. CAS No. GHS Classification

Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate 1 - <3 68649-42-3 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

¹ Classified according to: 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), WHMIS 2015, Safe Work Australia, GHS

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Consult physician if

irritation develops.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact

physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: Avoid contact with the product while providing aid to the victim. See section 8.2.2 for

recommendations on personal protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Direct contact causes eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

High velocity injection under the skin may leave a bloodless puncture wound subject to infection, disfigurement, lack of blood and may require amputation. Immediate treatment by a surgical specialist is recommended.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon Monoxide, oxides of Nitrogen and Phosphorus.

Other hazards: Water may cause frothing.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Australian HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Z

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

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6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹		ACGIH TLV ²		AUSTRALIA ES ³	
_	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oil mist, mineral	N/A	5	(inhalable)	5	N/A	5

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

No special requirements. If vapors or mists are produced, provide adequate ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use an approved organic vapor respirator for

mists (e.g., EN filter type A-P3).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses with side-shields.

Other: Long sleeves, long pants and good personal hygiene to minimize skin contact.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

³ Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state grease not applicable

Colour gray Kinematic viscosity 170 cSt @ 40°C (baseoil)

Odour Solubility in water petroleum odor insoluble **Odour threshold** not determined Partition coefficient not applicable

n-octanol/water (log value)

not determined **Boiling point or range** not determined Vapour pressure @ 20°C Density and/or relative density Melting point/freezing point not determined 0.92 kg/l % Volatile (by volume) not determined 7.68 lbs/gal. Weight per volume Vapour density (air=1) Flammability not determined not determined Rate of evaporation (ether=1) not determined

not determined

Lower/upper flammability or explosion limits

Flash point not applicable not applicable Method Autoignition temperature not determined Decomposition temperature not determined

% Aromatics by weight not determined Particle characteristics not applicable **Explosive properties** not determined **Oxidising properties** not determined

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, oxides of Nitrogen and Phosphorus.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use:

Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Acute toxicity -

Oral: Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Substance	Test	Result
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	LD50, rat	2,000-5,000 mg/kg (similar material)

Dermal:

Substance	Test	Result
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	LD50, rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg
		(similar material)

Inhalation: Mist or heated product can cause eye and respiratory tract irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Prolonged contact may cause irritation.

Serious eye damage/

irritation:

Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation:

No information available

Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available Product: 613 Moly Grease SDS No. 154-16

Carcinogenicity: This product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration (OSHA) or the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA).

Reproductive toxicity: No information available
STOT – single exposure: No information available
STOT – repeated exposure: No information available

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

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Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate: LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/l in the most sensitive species.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oil products, improperly released to the environment, can cause ground and water pollution.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Semi-solid. Insoluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9).

12.5. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Stabilization and solidification may be necessary prior to land disposal. Free product should be incinerated or may be amenable to fuels blending. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:

TDG:

NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED

NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED

NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE TDG: NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.4. Packing group

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE TDG: NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

NOT APPLICABLE

14.6. Special precautions for user

NOT APPLICABLE

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

NOT APPLICABLE

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: Chemicals subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of EPCRA

and of 40 CFR 372:

Eye irritation Zinc Compounds 1 - <3%

TSCA: All chemical components are listed or exempted.

Other national regulations: Not applicable

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code

and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOCI. Lawart Observed Effect Lavel

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

and sources for data: Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Exclamation mark

Further information: None

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Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 3.2, 5.2, 8.1, 9.1, 11, 13, 15.1, 16.

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This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.